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> Método Dos Minimos Quadrados
      Método Dos Minimos Quadrados

> restart :
> with(plots) :
> with(linalg) :

> x1[0] := 1 :
> x2[0] := 2 :
> x3[0] := 3 :
> x4[0] := 4 :
> x5[0] := 5 :

> Colocando os pesos :

> w1[0] := 1 ;;
> w2[0] := 1 ;;
> w3[0] := 1 ;;
> w4[0] := 1 ;;
> w5[0] := 1 ;;

> Valor da função :

> f1[0] := 0.8 :
> f2[0] := 1.2 :
> f3[0] := 0.9 :
> f4[0] := 1.3 :
> f5[0] := 1.5 :

> Montando o sistema :

> X := array(1..5, [x1[0], x2[0], x3[0], x4[0], x5[0]]) ;;

> a11 := w1[0] + w2[0] + w3[0] + w4[0] + w5[0] ;;
> a12 := w1[0]·x1[0] + w2[0]·x2[0] + w3[0]·x3[0] + w4[0]·x4[0] + w5[0]·x5[0] ;;
> a21 := a12 :
> a22 := w1[0]·x1[0]2 + w2[0]·x2[0]2 + w3[0]·x3[0]2 + w4[0]·x4[0]2 + w5[0]·x5[0]2 ;;
> a13 := a22 :
> a31 := a13 :
> a23 := w1[0]·x1[0]3 + w2[0]·x2[0]3 + w3[0]·x3[0]3 + w4[0]·x4[0]3 + w5[0]·x5[0]3 ;;
> a33 := w1[0]·x1[0]4 + w2[0]·x2[0]4 + w3[0]·x3[0]4 + w4[0]·x4[0]4 + w5[0]·x5[0]4 ;;
> a32 := a23 :

> b1 := w1[0]·f1[0] + w2[0]·f2[0] + w3[0]·f3[0] + w4[0]·f4[0] + w5[0]·f5[0] ;;
> b2 := w1[0]·f1[0]·x1[0] + w2[0]·f2[0]·x2[0] + w3[0]·f3[0]·x3[0] + w4[0]·f4[0]·x4[0]

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+ w5[0]·f5[0]·x5[0] ;;  
> b3 := w1[0]·f1[0]·x1[0]2 + w2[0]·f2[0]·x2[0]2 + w3[0]·f3[0]·x3[0]2 + w4[0]·f4[0]  
·x4[0]2 + w5[0]·f5[0]·x5[0]2 ;;
```

```
> A1 := Matrix([ [a11, a12, a13], [a21, a22, a23], [a31, a32, a33] ]);
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$$A1 := \begin{bmatrix} 5 & 15 & 55 \\ 15 & 55 & 225 \\ 55 & 225 & 979 \end{bmatrix} \quad (2)$$

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> B1 := Vector([b1, b2, b3]);
```

$$B1 := \begin{bmatrix} 5.7 \\ 18.6 \\ 72.0 \end{bmatrix} \quad (3)$$

```
> det(A1);
```

$$700 \quad (4)$$

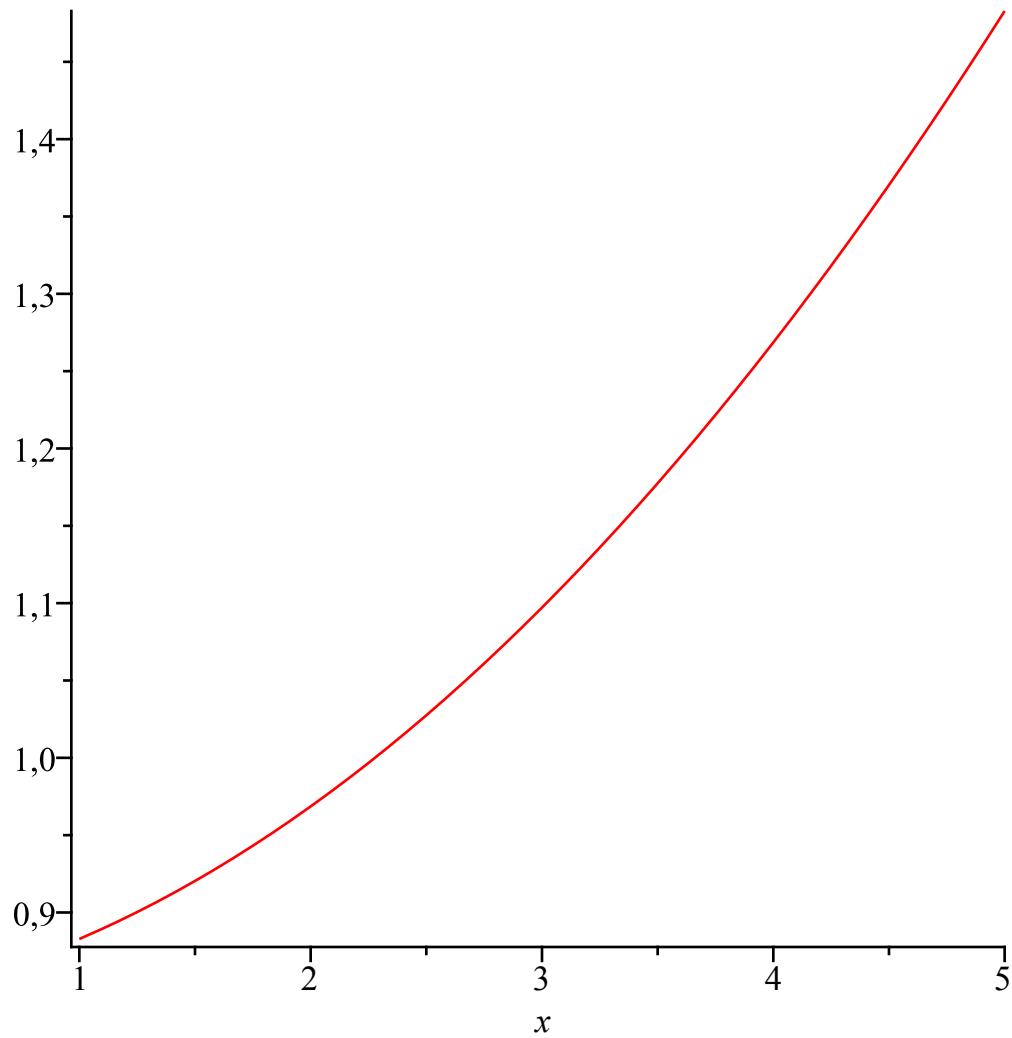
```
> c2 := linsolve(A1, B1);
```

$$c2 := [0.8400000056 \quad 0.0214285669 \quad 0.02142857216] \quad (5)$$

```
> phi(x) := (c2[1] + c2[2]·x + c2[3]·x2);
```

$$\phi(x) := 0.8400000056 + 0.0214285669 x + 0.02142857216 x^2 \quad (6)$$

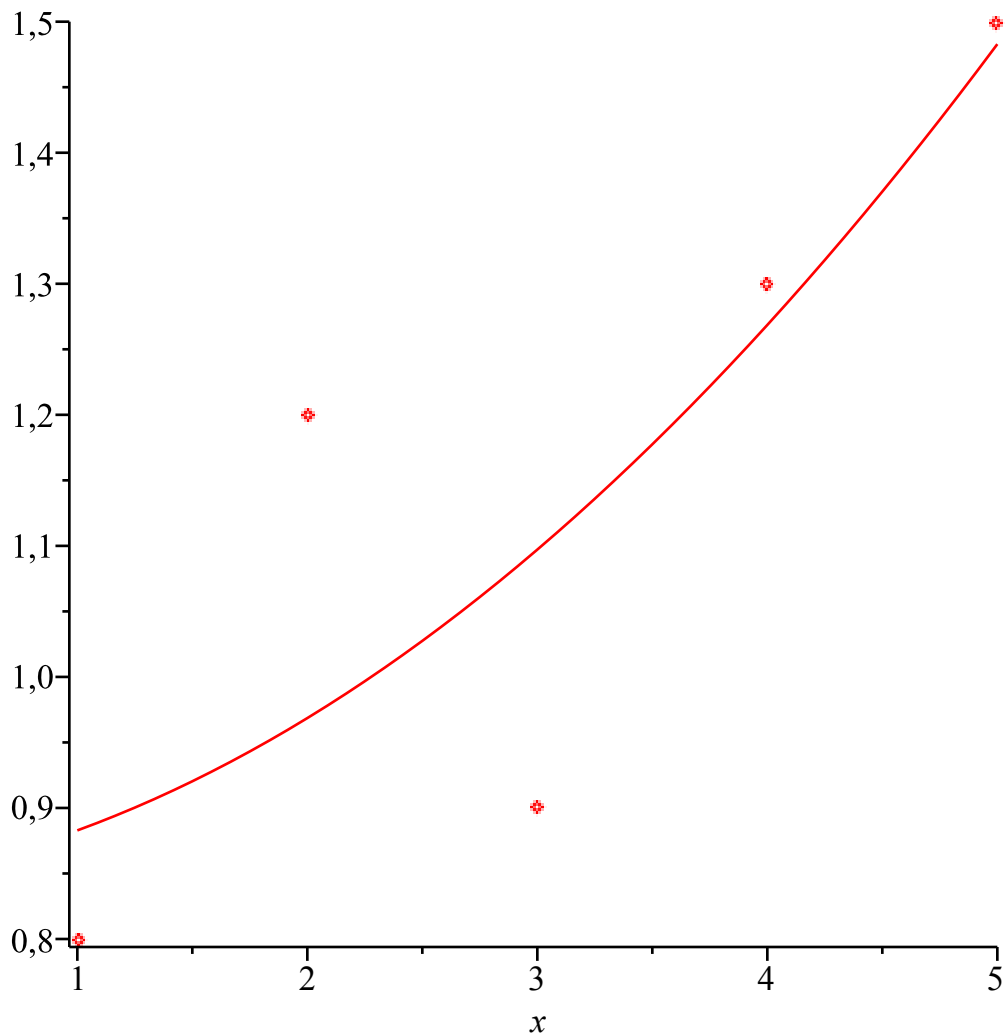
```
> plot(phi(x), x=1..5);
```



[>

```
[> N := 5 :
[> F := vector([f1[0],f2[0],f3[0],f4[0],f5[0]]) ;;
[> X := vector([x1[0],x2[0],x3[0],x4[0],x5[0]]) ;;
[> pontos := [[ X[i], F[i]] $i=1..5];
           pontos := [[1, 0.8], [2, 1.2], [3, 0.9], [4, 1.3], [5, 1.5]]
[> plot(pontos) ;;
[> gr1 := plot(phi(x), x=1..5) ;;
[> gr2 := plot(pontos, style=point) ;;
[> display(gr1, gr2);
```

(7)



> Resposta exercício :

> x := 6 :

> phi(x) := (c2[1] + c2[2]·x + c2[3]·x²);

phi(6) := 1.740000005

(8)

> Método Dos Minimos Quadrados Polinomios Ortogonais

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(9)

> restart :

> with(plots) :

> with(linalg) :

> x[1] := 1 :

> x[2] := 2 :

> x[3] := 3 :

> x[4] := 4 :

> $x[5] := 5 :$

> *Colocando os pesos :*

> $w[1] := 1 ;;$

> $w[2] := 1 ;;$

> $w[3] := 1 ;;$

> $w[4] := 1 ;;$

> $w[5] := 1 ;;$

> *Valor da função :*

> $f[1] := 0.8 :$

> $f[2] := 1.2 :$

> $f[3] := 0.9 :$

> $f[4] := 1.3 :$

> $f[5] := 1.5 :$

> *Queremos achar o polinomio $p(x) = a + bx;$*

Queremos achar o polinomio $p(x) = a + bx$

(10)

> *Montando o sistema :*

> $p1(x) := 1 :$

> $p2(x) := x - \alpha l :$

> $n := 5 :$

> $k := 1 :$

> $\alpha l := \frac{1}{n} \cdot \left(\sum_{i=k}^n w[i] \cdot x[i] \right)$

$\alpha l := 3$

(11)

> $p2(x) := x - \alpha l$

$p2(x) := x - 3$

(12)

> $p1(x)$

1

(13)

> $p2(x)$

$x - 3$

(14)

(15)

> *Montando o Sistema*

Montando o Sistema

(16)

$$\begin{aligned} > a11 := \sum_{i=k}^n w[i] \cdot p1(x) \\ & a11 := 5 \end{aligned} \tag{17}$$

$$\begin{aligned} > a22 := \sum_{i=k}^n (w[i] \cdot x[i] - 3)^2 \\ & a22 := 10 \end{aligned} \tag{18}$$

$$\begin{aligned} > b1 := \sum_{i=k}^n w[i] \cdot f[i] \cdot 1 \\ & b1 := 5.7 \end{aligned} \tag{19}$$

$$\begin{aligned} > b2 := \sum_{i=k}^n f[i] \cdot (w[i] \cdot x[i] - 3) \\ & b2 := 1.5 \end{aligned} \tag{20}$$

$$\begin{aligned} > a := \frac{b1}{a11} \\ & a := 1.140000000 \end{aligned} \tag{21}$$

$$\begin{aligned} > b := \frac{b2}{a22} \\ & b := 0.1500000000 \end{aligned} \tag{22}$$

$$\begin{aligned} > p(x) := a + b \cdot (x - 3) \\ & p(x) := 0.6900000000 + 0.1500000000 x \end{aligned} \tag{23}$$

$$\begin{aligned} > x := 6 \\ & x := 6 \end{aligned} \tag{24}$$

$$\begin{aligned} > p(x) := a + b \cdot (x - 3) \\ & p(6) := 1.590000000 \end{aligned} \tag{25}$$

> *Método Dos Minimos Quadrados Polinomios Ortogonais*
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> restart :
 > with(plots) :
 > with(linalg) :
 > x[1] := 1 :
 > x[2] := 2 :
 > x[3] := 3 :
 > x[4] := 4 :
 > x[5] := 5 :

> Colocando os pesos :

> $w1 := 1 ;;$

> $w2 := 1 ;;$

> $w3 := 1 ;;$

> $w4 := 1 ;;$

> $w5 := 1 ;;$

> Valor da função :

> $f[1] := 0.8 ;$

> $f[2] := 1.2 ;$

> $f[3] := 0.9 ;$

> $f[4] := 1.3 ;$

> $f[5] := 1.5 ;$

> Queremos achar o polinomio $p(x) = a + bx + cx^2 ;;$

> $n := 5 ;$

> $k := 1 ;$

>
$$\alpha1 := \frac{1}{n} \cdot \left(\sum_{i=k}^n x[i] \right)$$

$\alpha1 := 3$

(27)

> $p2(x) := x - \alpha1$

$p2(x) := x - 3$

(28)

>
$$\alpha2 := \frac{\sum_{i=k}^n (x[i] \cdot (x[i] - 3)^2)}{\sum_{i=k}^n (x[i] - 3)^2}$$

$\alpha2 := 3$

(29)

>
$$\beta := \frac{\sum_{i=k}^n (x[i] \cdot (x[i] - 3))}{\sum_{i=k}^n (1)^2}$$

$\beta := 2$

(30)

> Montando o sistema :

> $p1(x) := 1 ;$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &> p2(x) := x - \alpha 1 : \\
 &> p3(x) := x \cdot p2(x) - \alpha 2 \cdot p2(x) - \beta \cdot p1(x) : \\
 &> p1(x) \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad 1
 \end{aligned} \tag{31}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &> p2(x) \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad x - 3
 \end{aligned} \tag{32}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &> p3(x) \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad x(x - 3) - 3x + 7
 \end{aligned} \tag{34}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &> \text{Montando o Sistema} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \text{Montando o Sistema}
 \end{aligned} \tag{35}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &> a11 := \sum_{i=k}^n p1(x) \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad a11 := 5
 \end{aligned} \tag{36}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &> a22 := \sum_{i=k}^n (x[i] - 3)^2 \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad a22 := 10
 \end{aligned} \tag{37}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &> a33 := \sum_{i=k}^n (x[i] \cdot (x[i] - 3) - 3 \cdot x[i] + 7)^2 \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad a33 := 14
 \end{aligned} \tag{38}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &> b1 := \sum_{i=k}^n f[i] \cdot 1 \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad b1 := 5.7
 \end{aligned} \tag{39}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &> b2 := \sum_{i=k}^n f[i] \cdot (x[i] - 3) \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad b2 := 1.5
 \end{aligned} \tag{40}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &> b3 := \sum_{i=k}^n f[i] \cdot (x[i] \cdot (x[i] - 3) - 3 \cdot x[i] + 7) \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad b3 := 0.3
 \end{aligned} \tag{41}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &> a := \frac{b1}{a11} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad a := 1.140000000
 \end{aligned} \tag{42}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &> b := \frac{b2}{a22} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad b := 0.150000000
 \end{aligned} \tag{43}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &> c := \frac{b3}{a33} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad c := 0.02142857143
 \end{aligned} \tag{44}$$

> $p(x) := a + b \cdot (x - 3) + c \cdot (x(x - 3) - 3x + 7)$
 $p(x) := 0.8400000000 + 0.08571428571 x + 0.02142857143 x(x - 3)$ (45)

> $x := 6$
 $x := 6$ (46)

> $p(x) := a + b \cdot x + c \cdot (x(x - 3) - 3x + 7)$
 $p(6) := 2.190000000$ (47)

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